

# Ultrasonic sensor

## UB500-18GM75-E4-V15

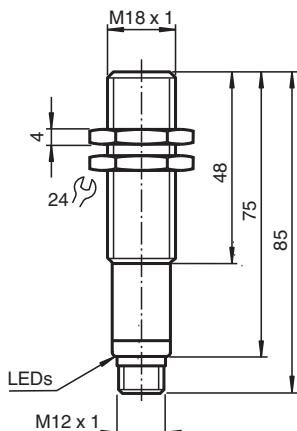


- Switching output
- 5 different output functions can be set
- Selectable sound lobe width
- Program input
- Synchronization options
- Deactivation option
- Temperature compensation
- Very small unusable area

Single head system



### Dimensions



### Technical Data

Release date: 2023-02-15 Date of issue: 2023-02-15 Filename: 133052\_eng.pdf

#### General specifications

Sensing range	30 ... 500 mm
Adjustment range	50 ... 500 mm
Dead band	0 ... 30 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 380 kHz
Response delay	approx. 50 ms

#### Indicators/operating means

LED yellow	indication of the switching state flashing: program function object detected
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Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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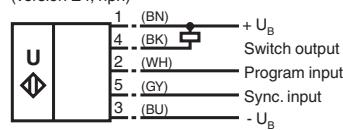
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## Technical Data

LED red	solid red: Error red, flashing: program function, object not detected	
<b>Electrical specifications</b>		
Operating voltage	$U_B$	10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 % <sub>SS</sub>
No-load supply current	$I_0$	$\leq 50$ mA
<b>Input/Output</b>		
Synchronization		1 synchronous connection, bi-directional 0-level: $-U_B \dots +1$ V 1-level: $+4$ V ... $+U_B$ input impedance: $> 12$ k $\Omega$ synchronization pulse: $\geq 100$ $\mu$ s, synchronization interpulse period: $\geq 2$ ms
Synchronization frequency		
Common mode operation		max. 95 Hz
Multiplex operation		$\leq 95$ Hz / n, n = number of sensors, n $\leq 5$
<b>Input</b>		
Input type		1 program input, operating range 1: $-U_B \dots +1$ V, operating range 2: $+4$ V ... $+U_B$ input impedance: $> 4.7$ k $\Omega$ ; program pulse: $\geq 1$ s
<b>Output</b>		
Output type		1 switch output NPN Normally open/closed , programmable
Rated operating current	$I_e$	200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected
Voltage drop	$U_d$	$\leq 3$ V
Repeat accuracy		$\leq 1$ %
Switching frequency	$f$	max. 8 Hz
Range hysteresis	$H$	1 % of the set operating distance
Temperature influence		$\pm 1.5$ % of full-scale value
<b>Compliance with standards and directives</b>		
Standard conformity		
Standards		EN IEC 60947-5-2:2020 IEC 60947-5-2:2019
<b>Approvals and certificates</b>		
UL approval		cULus Listed, Class 2 Power Source
CCC approval		CCC approval / marking not required for products rated $\leq 36$ V
<b>Ambient conditions</b>		
Ambient temperature		-25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F)
Storage temperature		-40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F)
<b>Mechanical specifications</b>		
Connection type		Connector plug M12 x 1 , 5-pin
Housing diameter		18 mm
Degree of protection		IP67
Material		
Housing		brass, nickel-plated
Transducer		epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT
Mass		60 g
<b>Factory settings</b>		
Output		Switch point A1: 50 mm Switch point A2: 500 mm output function: Window mode output behavior: NO contact
Beam width		wide

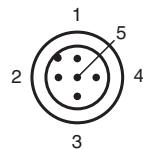
## Connection

Standard symbol/Connections:  
(version E4, npn)



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

## Connection Assignment

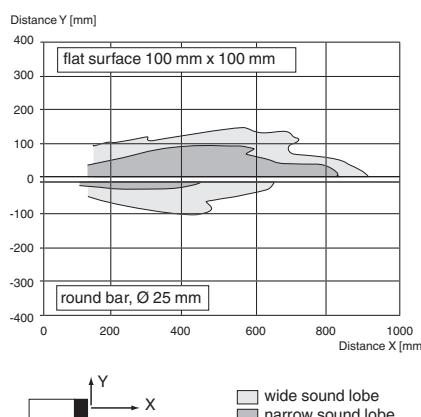


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

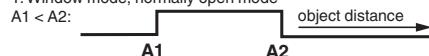
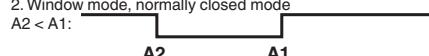
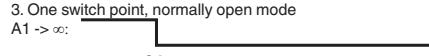
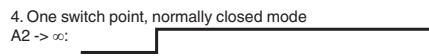
## Characteristic Curve

### Characteristic response curve



## Characteristic Curve

### Programmable output modes

1. Window mode, normally open mode  
A1 < A2:  

2. Window mode, normally closed mode  
A2 < A1:  

3. One switch point, normally open mode  
A1 -> ∞:  

4. One switch point, normally closed mode  
A2 -> ∞:  

5. A1 -> ∞, A2 -> ∞: Object presence detection mode  
Object detected: Switch output closed  
No object detected: Switch output open

## Accessories

	<b>UB-PROG2</b>	Programming unit
	<b>OMH-04</b>	Mounting aid for round steel ø 12 mm or sheet 1.5 mm ... 3 mm
	<b>BF 18</b>	Mounting flange, 18 mm
	<b>BF 18-F</b>	Plastic mounting adapter, 18 mm
	<b>BF 5-30</b>	Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 ... 30 mm
	<b>UVW90-K18</b>	Ultrasonic -deflector
	<b>M18K-VE</b>	Plastic nuts with centering ring for the vibration-free mounting of cylindrical sensors
	<b>V15-G-2M-PVC</b>	Female cordset single-ended M12 straight A-coded, 5-pin, PVC cable grey
	<b>V15-W-2M-PUR</b>	Female cordset single-ended M12 angled A-coded, 5-pin, PUR cable grey

## Programming

### Programming procedure

The sensor features a programmable switch output with two programmable switch points. Programming the switch points and the operating mode is done by applying the supply voltage  $-U_B$  or  $+U_B$  to the Teach-In input. The supply voltage must be applied to the Teach-In input for at least 1 s. LEDs indicate whether the sensor has recognized the target during the programming procedure.

#### Note:

Switching points may only be specified directly after Power on. A time lock secures the adjusted switching points against unintended modification 5 minutes after Power on. To modify the switching points later, the user may specify the desired values only after a new Power On.

#### Note:

If a programming adapter UB-PROG2 is used for the programming procedure, button A1 is assigned to  $-U_B$  and button A2 is assigned to  $+U_B$ .

### Programming of the switch output

#### Window Modes

##### Normally open (NO) output

1. Place the target at the near end of the desired switch window
2. Program the window boundary by applying  $-U_B$  to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $-U_B$  to save the switch point
4. Place the target at the far end of the desired switch window
5. Program the window boundary by applying  $+U_B$  to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $+U_B$  to save the switch point

##### Normally closed (NC) output

1. Place the target at the near end of the desired switch window
2. Program the window boundary by applying  $+U_B$  to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $+U_B$  to save the switch point
4. Place the target at the far end of the desired switch window
5. Program the window boundary by applying  $-U_B$  to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $-U_B$  to save the switch point

#### Switch Point Modes

##### Normally open (NO) output

1. Place the target at the desired switch point position
2. Program the switch point by applying  $+U_B$  to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $+U_B$  to save the switch point
4. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
5. Apply  $-U_B$  to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $-U_B$  to save the setting

##### Normally closed (NC) output

1. Place the target at the desired switch point position
2. Program the switch point by applying  $-U_B$  to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $-U_B$  to save the switch point
4. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
5. Apply  $+U_B$  to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $+U_B$  to save the setting

#### Object Detection Mode

1. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
2. Apply  $-U_B$  to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $-U_B$  to save the setting
4. Apply  $+U_B$  to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
5. Disconnect the Teach-In input from  $+U_B$  to save the setting

### Adjusting the sound cone characteristics:

The ultrasonic sensor enables two different shapes of the sound cone, a wide angle sound cone and a small angle sound cone.

#### 1. Small angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-In input wire to  $-U_B$
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED flashes once with a pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates the presence of an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-In input wire from  $-U_B$  and the changing is saved



#### 2. Wide angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-In input wire with  $+U_B$

- switch on the power supply
- the red LED double-flashes with a long pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-In input wire from  $+U_B$  and the changing is saved



## Factory Setting

### Factory settings

See technical data.

## Indication

The sensor provides LEDs to indicate various conditions.

	Red LED	Yellow LED
<b>During Normal operation</b> Proper operation Interference (e.g. compressed air)	Off On	Switching state remains in previous state
<b>During sensor programming</b> Object detected No object detected Object uncertain (programming invalid)	Off Flashes On	Flashes Off Off

## Commissioning

### Synchronization

This sensor features a synchronization input for suppressing ultrasonic mutual interference ("cross talk"). If this input is not connected, the sensor will operate using internally generated clock pulses. It can be synchronized by applying an external square wave. The pulse duration must be  $\geq 100 \mu\text{s}$ . Each falling edge of the synchronization pulse triggers transmission of a single ultrasonic pulse. If the synchronization signal remains low for  $\geq 1$  second, the sensor will revert to normal operating mode. Normal operating mode can also be activated by opening the signal connection to the synchronization input (see note below).

If the synchronization input goes to a high level for  $> 1$  second, the sensor will switch to standby mode. In this mode, the outputs will remain in the last valid output state.

#### Note:

If the option for synchronization is not used, the synchronization input has to be connected to ground (0 V) or the sensor must be operated via a V1 cordset (4-pin).

The synchronization function cannot be activated during programming mode and vice versa.

#### The following synchronization modes are possible:

1. Several sensors (max. number see technical data) can be synchronized together by interconnecting their respective synchronization inputs. In this case, each sensor alternately transmits ultrasonic pulses in a self multiplexing mode. No two sensors will transmit pulses at the same time (see note below).
2. Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same external synchronization signal. In this mode the sensors are triggered in parallel and are synchronized by a common external synchronization pulse.
3. A separate synchronization pulse can be sent to each individual sensor. In this mode the sensors operate in external multiplex mode (see note below).
4. A high level ( $+U_B$ ) on the synchronization input switches the sensor to standby mode.

#### Note:

Sensor response times will increase proportionally to the number of sensors that are in the synchronization string. This is a result of the multiplexing of the ultrasonic transmit and receive signal and the resulting increase in the measurement cycle time.

## Installation Conditions

If the sensor is installed at places, where the environment temperature can fall below 0 °C, for the sensors fixation, one of the mounting flanges BF18, BF18-F or BF 5-30 must be used.

In case of direct mounting of the sensor in a through hole using the steel nuts, it has to be fixed at the middle of the housing thread. If a fixation at the front end of the threaded housing is required, plastic nuts with centering ring (accessories) must be used.